

294.3
CKS
1964



BUDDHISM IN CHINA

A HISTORICAL SURVEY

BY KENNETH K. S. CH'EN

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY PRESS
PRINCETON, NEW JERSEY

TRƯỜNG ĐẠI HỌC TỔNG HỢP HÀ NỘI
AV 102 DS
TRUNG TÂM THÔNG TIN QUỐC GIA HÀ NỘI
TRUNG TÂM THÔNG TIN TƯ VẤN
No. AV-D2/942

CONTENTS

Preface	ix
Table of Chinese Dynasties	2
Maps of Dynasties	41, 197, 214

INTRODUCTION

I. Background	3
II. Introduction and Early Development: Han Dynasty	21

GROWTH AND DOMESTICATION

III. Initial Contact and Response: Buddhism Under the Eastern Chin Dynasty	57
IV. Eminent Monks Under the Eastern Chin Dynasty	94
V. Progress and Opposition: Southern Dynasties	121
VI. Barbarian Acceptance: Northern Dynasties	145
VII. Persecution and Triumph: Northern Chou and Sui Dynasties	184

MATURITY AND ACCEPTANCE

VIII. The Apogee: T'ang Dynasty	213
IX. The Monastic Order	241
X. Buddhist Temples and Popular Buddhism	258
XI. The Schools of Buddhism in China	297
XII. The Schools of Buddhism in China (<i>Continued</i>)	338
XIII. The Chinese Tripitaka	365

DECLINE

XIV. Memories of a Great Tradition: Sung Dynasty	389
XV. Under Alien Dynasties: Liao, Chin, and Yüan Dynasties	409

CONTENTS

XVI. Recession and Decline: Ming and Ch'ing Dynasties	434
XVII. Reforms and Changes: Modern Period	455

CONCLUSION

XVIII. The Contributions of Buddhism to Chinese Culture	471
Glossary	487
Chinese Names and Titles	495
Bibliography	503
Index	549