

The experience of collecting, analyzing and evaluating the data of gender in economic policy formulation and state budget estimation

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Introduction

The adequate information of gender issue is necessary for economic policies and budget estimation relating to gender equality. That information is reflected in gender statistics index system which has been approved by both international and Vietnamese statistics experts. The index system consists of 114 indexes relating to 8 different social and economic fields, such as population (7), Family and households (13), labor and employment (29), economics (7), education (11), Healthcare (26), Authorities (10), criminals and social evil (11).

I. The contribution of *Institute of statistical science* to gender issues collecting and analysis

- In the 1990s, join in statistics planning held by ESCAP(6 nations participating in this event)
- Contribute to the formulation of gender equality index system in Asia
- Release statistics of gender in Vietnam in cooperation with Vietnam Women's Union, The National Committee for the advancement of women in Vietnam
- Compile a highly appreciated statistical book about women and gender equality in Vietnam

I. The contribution of *Institute of statistical science* to gender issues collecting and analysis(Cont)

- Participate in compiling CEDAW report chapters 1,2, 5,6 (statistics)
- Consult the gender equality projects of some government agencies

II. Introduction to Gender equality in Vietnam

- President Ho Chi Minh carefully consider gender equality from the beginning of a new nation. Up to now, gender equality is supposed to mean that man and women should respect each other, and people are equal to reach their potential. However, after 60 years of nation development,gender equality has not been solved absolutely, which is partially due to poor awareness of gender equality.

II. Introduction to Gender equality in Vietnam (Cont)

- Since 1990, gender issues have been seriously taken into consideration and have achieved great success, for example the rate of school enrollment at primary and secondary schools of girls and boys are nearly equal. However, some gender issues remain unsolved and need to be noticed in economic policies and budget consumption relating to gender

III. The characteristics of Gender equality in Vietnam (Cont)

- + Firstly, gender issues involve different social and economic fields.
 - + Secondly, gender issues are affected by various social force
 - + Thirdly, gender issues relate to particular issues of each gender.
- Therefore, budget consumption estimation must be detailed and suitable for specific organization.

III. Gender statistics index system

The indexes are divided into 8 groups

- a. Population index group Nhóm các chỉ tiêu dân số
- b. Family and households index group
- c. labor and employment index group
- d. Education and culture index group
- e. Economics index group
- f. Healthcare index group
- g. Authorities reflection index group
- h. Social evil index group

IV. The characteristics of gender statistics

- + First, the gender statistics is almostly not doing seperately from other issues
- + Secondly, gender statistics figures are in different censuses of various agencies
- + Thirdly, gender issues are not shown clearly in statistics reports.

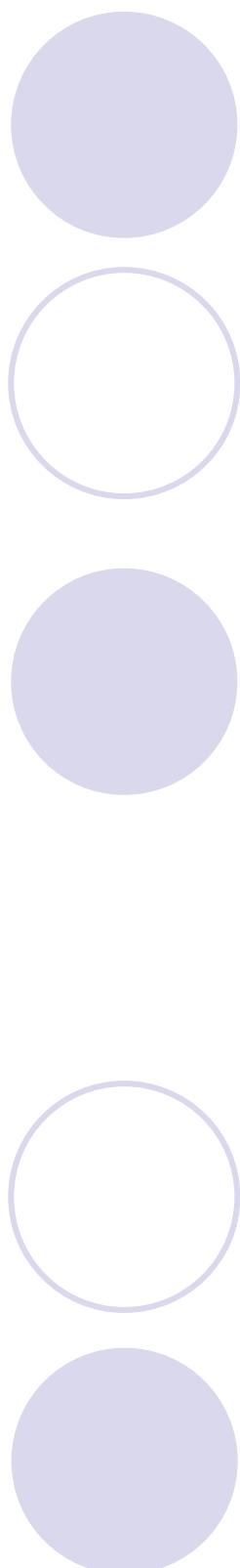
V. Solutions

- + Evaluate the sources of gender information
- + Collect the available information about gender in General Office of Statistics and other organizations
- + Information analysis and selecting
- + Actively combine gender statistics indexes in demographics

5.1. Evaluate the sources of gender information

Figure 2: the classification of gender statistics indexes by the ability of collecting information

Indexes	Total	Detail		
		Available	Not analysed	Not reported
1, Population	7	5	2	0
2, Family and household	13	3	6	0
3, Labor and employment	29	8	9	1
4, Economics	7	0	4	1
5, Culture and education	11	8	2	1
6, Healthcare	26	13	0	8
7, Criminals and social evil	11	0	0	8
8, Authorities	10	8	0	2
Total	114	45	23	21
Percentage %	100.0	39.5	20.2	18.4
				21.9

- 
- 5.2. Collect the available information about gender in General Office of Statistics and other organizations

5.3. Information analysis and selecting

- The reliability of the source of information.
- Information analysis and selecting

5.3. Information analysis and selecting (Cont)

- For census that selects samples, consider sample size, sample distribution and tools of collecting

5.4. Actively combine gender statistics indexes in demographics

- The statistics figures of gender normally collected from various censuses
- Gender analysts should actively consult census designers to obtain essential information.

VI. Gender issues analysis

- Compare the statistics figures of both male and female to discover the differences
- Compare the statistics figures by time periods to see the advancement or limitation of relating issues

VI. Gender issues analysis (Cont)

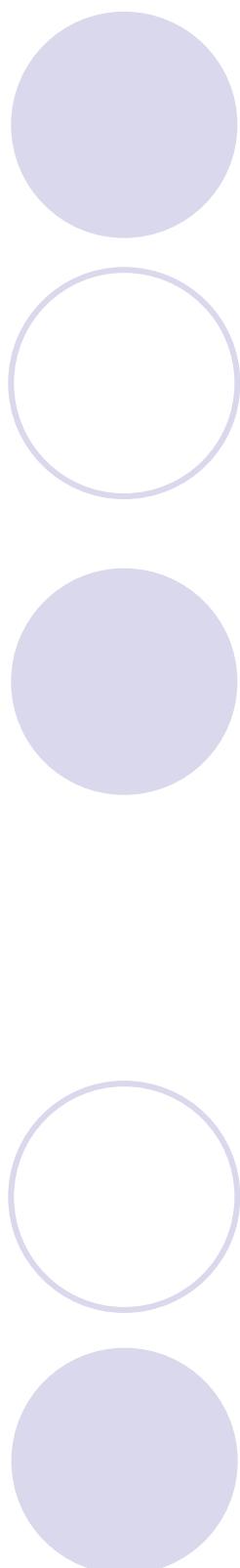
- Compare the statistics figures by areas
- Show the statistics figures in graphs or charts
- Apply different analysis tools to discover the influences on gender issues
- Determine the frequency rate of the events

Summary

- Gender issues involve in various fields of socio-economics.
- Gender discrimination in labor and employment still exists.
- Gender issues are affected by many social forces and organizations of various awareness of gender equality which is partially due to poor awareness and old conception
- Statistics about gender are scattered in various censuses and documents of different organizations. In addition, the reliability of information source is different.

Summary (Cont)

- Notice the general and particular issues of gender
- Compare the information of the two gender to see the social gender discrimination.
- Use Graphs to clearly and quickly show the differences between male and female
- Apply different analysis tools to discover the influences on gender issues



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ATTENTION!**