

# Evolution of predator-prey systems described by a Lotka-Volterra equation under random environment

Takeuchi Y., Du N.H., Hieu N.T., Sato K.

Department of Systems Engineering, Shizuoka University, Hamamatsu, 432-8561, Japan; Faculty of Mathematics, Mechanics and Informatics, Hanoi National University, 334 Nguyen Trai, Thanh Xuan, Hanoi, Viet Nam

**Abstract:** In this paper, we consider the evolution of a system composed of two predator-prey deterministic systems described by Lotka-Volterra equations in random environment. It is proved that under the influence of telegraph noise, all positive trajectories of such a system always go out from any compact set of  $\text{int } \mathbb{R}_+^2$  with probability one if two rest points of the two systems do not coincide. In case where they have the rest point in common, the trajectory either leaves from any compact set of  $\text{int } \mathbb{R}_+^2$  or converges to the rest point. The escape of the trajectories from any compact set means that the system is neither permanent nor dissipative. ?? 2005 Elsevier Inc. All rights reserved.

**Author Keywords:** Lotka-Volterra equation; Predator-prey model; Telegraph noise

Year: 2006

Source title: Journal of Mathematical Analysis and Applications

Volume: 323

Issue: 2

Page : 938-957

Cited by: 11

Link: Scopus Link

Correspondence Address: Takeuchi, Y.; Department of Systems Engineering, Shizuoka University, Hamamatsu, 432-8561, Japan; email: takeuchi@sys.eng.shizuoka.ac.jp

ISSN: 0022247X

DOI: 10.1016/j.jmaa.2005.11.009

Language of Original Document: English

Abbreviated Source Title: Journal of Mathematical Analysis and Applications

Document Type: Article

Source: Scopus

Authors with affiliations:

1. Takeuchi, Y., Department of Systems Engineering, Shizuoka University, Hamamatsu, 432-8561, Japan
2. Du, N.H., Faculty of Mathematics, Mechanics and Informatics, Hanoi National University, 334 Nguyen Trai, Thanh Xuan, Hanoi, Viet Nam
3. Hieu, N.T., Faculty of Mathematics, Mechanics and Informatics, Hanoi National University, 334 Nguyen Trai, Thanh Xuan, Hanoi, Viet Nam
4. Sato, K., Department of Systems Engineering, Shizuoka University, Hamamatsu, 432-8561, Japan

References:

1. Ballys, M., Le Dung, Jones, D.A., Smith, H.L., Effects of random mortality on microbial growth and competition in a flow reactor (1998) SIAM J. Appl. Math., 57 (2), pp. 573-596. , 374-402
2. Chesson, P.L., Warner, R.R., Environmental variability promotes coexistence in lottery competitive systems (1981) Amer. Natur., 117, pp. 923-943
3. Du, N.H., Kon, R., Sato, K., Takeuchi, Y., Dynamical behavior of Lotka-Volterra competition systems: Nonautonomous bistable case and the effect of telegraph noise (2004) J. Comput. Appl. Math., 170, pp. 399-422
4. Du, N.H., Kon, R., Sato, K., Takeuchi, Y., Evolution of periodic population systems under random environment (2005) Tohoku Math. J., 57, pp. 447-468
5. Farkas, M., (1994) Periodic Motions, , Springer-Verlag, New York
6. Gihman, I.I., Skorohod, A.V., (1979) The Theory of Stochastic Processes, , Springer-Verlag, Berlin
7. Hanski, I., Turchin, P., Korpim??ki, E., Henttonen, H., Population oscillations of boreal rodents: Regulation by mustelid predators leads to chaos (1994) Nature, 364, pp. 232-235
8. Hofbauer, J., Sigmund, K., (1998) Evolutionary Game and Population Dynamics, , Cambridge Univ. Press, Cambridge
9. Gilpin, M.E., (1975) Predator-Prey Communities, , Princeton Univ. Press
10. Levin, A., Dispersion and population interactions (1974) Amer. Nature, 108, pp. 207-228
11. Loreau, M., Coexistence of temporally segregated competitors in a cyclic environment (1989) Theoret. Population Biol., 36, pp. 181-201
12. Mao, X., Sabais, S., Renshaw, E., Asymptotic behavior of stochastic Lotka-Volterra model (2003) J. Math. Anal., 287, pp. 141-156
13. Namba, T., Takahashi, S., Competitive coexistence in a seasonally fluctuating environment: II. Multiple stable states and invasion success (1993) Theoret. Population Biol., 44, pp. 374-402
14. Randall, J.S., A stochastic predator-prey model (2002) Irish Math. Soc. Bull., 48, pp. 57-63
15. Slatkin, M., The dynamics of a population in a Markovian environment (1978) Ecology, 59, pp. 249-256
16. Takeuchi, Y., (1996) Global Dynamical Properties of Lotka-Volterra Systems, , World Scientific